

## RESOLUTION

## EXECUTIVE BOARD OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA HEALTH BENEFIT EXCHANGE AUTHORITY

To require Qualified Health Plan (QHP) issuers to establish polices that address transition of care for enrollees in the midst of active treatment at the time of transition into a QHP.

**WHEREAS**, the Health Benefit Exchange Authority Establishment Act of 2011, effective March 4, 2012 (D.C. Law 19-94; D.C. Official Code § 31-3171.01 *et seq.*) ("Act") created the District of Columbia Health Benefit Exchange Authority ("Authority"), an independent authority of the Government of the District of Columbia, and its governing Executive Board;

**WHEREAS**, §5 of the Act (D.C. Official Code §31-3171.04(a)(1) & (19)) requires the Authority to establish an American Health Benefit Exchange for individuals and families and §7 of the Act (D.C. Official Code §31-3171.06(a) & (b)) authorizes the Executive Board to take necessary lawful action to implement provisions of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 ("ACA") (P.L. 111-148 & P.L. 111-152);

**WHEREAS**, there is a consensus among public health researchers that a substantial portion of individuals in the Individual Exchange marketplace will experience changes in eligibility during the benefit year causing them to move or "churn" between Medicaid, and coverage in a Qualified Health Plan (QHP);

**WHEREAS**, on April 17, 2013, the Eligibility, Enrollment, and Churn Working Group discussed strategies to address "churn" and developed consensus recommendations.

**NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED** that the Executive Board hereby approves the following consensus recommendations presented by the Eligibility, Enrollment, and Churn Working Group:

## Establishment of Care Transition Plans by QHP Issuers:

QHPs in the District of Columbia Health Benefit Exchange shall implement policies that address transition care for enrollees in the midst of active treatment. Such policies must require that QHPs, upon request by the enrollee, allow non-participating providers to continue to provide health care services for the lesser of the remaining course of treatment or 90 days (except that such time limit is not applicable to maternity care). The transition policy shall be similar to that which was adopted by the Maryland Health Progress Act of 2013, as appropriate.